Day 3

more on pronunciation

## Practicing chapter vocabulary

Each time we begin a new chapter, be sure to **preview** the vocabulary at the end of the chapter. **Drilling** vocabulary entries is a very important part of Russian: in order to begin manipulating the endings of words, we must first know those words' basic forms. For nouns, be sure to learn where the **stress** falls. Also take note of the noun's **gender**, and whether it takes **hard** or **soft** endings. Remember — we're lucky in Russian: we can almost always tell the gender — and always the hard/soft distinction — just by looking at a word.

**Transliterate** these Russian words (you can use an **apostrophe** for a Russian soft sign) using Roman letters, give the **English meaning**, then tell whether the ending is **hard or soft**, and give the **gender**. Refer to section 3.9 in the book as needed.

How can you learn vocabulary? Well, find what works for you... Flash cards, writing out words as you say them, etc. The main thing is not to expect to learn Russian vocabulary without trying, after hearing it a couple of times in class. Russian just doesn't work like that.

	transliteration:	translation:	ending (H/S):	gender (M/F/N):
1. неде <u>л</u> я				
2. пробл <u>е</u> ма				
3. з <u>е</u> ркало				
4. плак <u>а</u> т				
5. день				
6. стол				
7. оде <u>я</u> ло				
8. ручка				
9. бель <u>ё</u>				
10. зонт				
11. муз <u>е</u> й				
12. пл <u>а</u> тье				
13. ист <u>о</u> рия				
14. окн <u>о</u>				
15. в <u>е</u> чер				
16. слов <u>а</u> рь				
17. семь <u>я</u>				
18. газ <u>е</u> та				
19. зад <u>а</u> ние				
20. письм <u>о</u>				
21. ош <u>и</u> бка				
22. рюкз <u>а</u> к				